

Assorted grades as per EN 13489

Longlife parquet Classic – 3-strip

Longlife parquet Classic PC 200 (lacquered | naturally oiled)

Characteristics as per EN 1310

Woods	Canadian maple	Canadian maple	Beech	Beech	Oak	Oak	Ash	Larch	American walnut	American walnut	American cherry tree
Grading	lively	harmo-nious	lively	harmo-nious	lively	harmo-nious	lively	lively	harmo-nious	distinctive	harmo-nious
Botanical name	Acer pakmifolium Borkh.	Acer pakmifolium Borkh.	Fagus sylvatica L.	Fagus sylvatica L.	Quercus petraea (Matt.) Liebl.; Quercus robur L.	Quercus petraea (Matt.) Liebl.; Quercus robur L.	Fraxinus excelsior	Larix decidua	Juglans nigra	Juglans nigra	Prunus serotina
Origin	North America	North America	Europe	Europe	Europe	Europe	Europe	Europe	North America	North America	North America
Sound sap	-	-	-	-	✓	✗	-	✓	✗	✓	✗
Knots (live)	≤ 35 mm Ø	≤ 10 mm Ø	≤ 35 mm Ø	≤ 10 mm Ø	≤ 35 mm Ø	≤ 10 mm Ø	≤ 35 mm Ø	≤ 25 mm Ø	≤ 10 mm Ø	≤ 35 mm Ø	≤ 10 mm Ø
Knothole dead knots	≤ 35 mm Ø	✗	≤ 35 mm Ø	✗	≤ 35 mm Ø	✗	≤ 35 mm Ø	≤ 25 mm Ø	✗	≤ 35 mm Ø	✗
Pin knots	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Filler cracks	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
Small cracks, hairline cracks	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Timber type typical bark inclusions	✓	✓	-	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-	✓
Bark pockets	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Slope of grain	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sound brown red heart	✓	✗	✓	✗	-	-	✓	-	-	-	-
Medulla rays	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Colour variations	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
White streaks	-	-	-	-	✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-
Stick marks	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Infestation (EN 1311)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗

Explanations: Timber typical inclusions are, for example: resin pockets in larch, sugar pockets in maple; mineral inclusions. Wood is a natural product. Variations in colour and structure can occur and indicate a solid wood product. All samples, brochures and photographs are therefore only approximations and not definitive. Exposure to sunlight also has an impact on the naturally occurring changes in timber shade. When it is delivered, wooden flooring can therefore look quite different to the sample supplied. The wood's tannins react to smoking; the colour of the wood therefore changes permanently to brown or a blackish dark brown. The varying tannic acid content results in colour variations on each plank, and from plank to plank, which again indicates that this is a natural product.

✓ = present ✗ = not present - = not relevant